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wick afore said.

WITH AFTERSHOCKS

FROM THE LONDON PAPERS, Feb. 19.

Kingston, Jamaica, Dec. 6. We are now enabled positively to assure the public, that the Spanish Commodore, with his Squadron, actually left this island in great disgust; and the following is, as we understand from a respectable quarter, a full and accurate account of that business. When the Spanish ships entered the harbour, they paid the proper respect to the British flag, by lowering their topgallant-masts, and striking their pendants, as they passed the Europa, and then came to an anchor; but about nine o'clock the same evening, after the gun was fired from our flag ship, another was discharged from the Santa Maria, upon which the officer was sent in a boat from the Europa, to enquire of the Spanish Commodore what could be the meaning of such a procedure, directly in the face of his Majesty's flag, and in one of his ports; to which Don O'Brien said, in substance, it was his evening gun which was fired; a ceremony which he intended to continue, both morning and evening, so long as he held at Port-Royal.

When the officer, who had been dispatched to make the enquiry, delivered his answer to Captain Vashon, the latter gentleman thought proper to proceed on-board the Santa Maria in person, and personally forbid Commodore O'Brien from repeating the ceremony, under pain of being fired upon, except he produced a written order "for the assumption of such equality," from Commodore Gardner himself. The Spanish commander then replied, that he should not receive orders from Captain Vashon, but would persist in his intention, except Commodore Gardner prevented him, by signifying his express disapprobation in writing, which he should lay before the King his master.

This induced Captain Vashon to send an express to the commander-in-chief, with an account of the whole transaction, who, it seems, with a genuine British spirit, actually wrote to the Spanish commander, that if he continued the ceremony of firing, either in the morning or evening, he must suddenly leave the harbour, or his Britannic Majesty's officers would be under the disagreeable necessity of compelling him to do so by force, as no ceremony of the kind could be permitted upon any pretence whatever.

This happened on Tuesday night, notwithstanding which Don O'Brien, in compliance with a previous engagement, actually dined at Commodore Gardner's pen on Wednesday, where he was treated with great hospitality and politeness, and next morning sailed from Port Royal in such unaccountable haste, that several of his officers, and about eighteen private seamen, were left behind, the latter of whom are provided for on board the Europa, until they find an opportunity of following their countrymen.

Though the fullen and haughty temper of Mr O'Brien might have been exceedingly galled by Commodore Gardner's laudable spirit, on a late occasion; yet the etiquette of our navy should constantly be asserted and supported at all hazards, especially in our own ports; or our gallant naval commanders and invincible seamen have fought, bled, and conquered to no purpose.

L O N D O N, — Feb. 19.

Yesterday his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales dined with the Duke of Cumberland, at Cumberland-house, Pall Mall.

The Duke of York visits this kingdom the beginning of May next; the Princess Augusta yacht, which has for some time had the honour of being employed in all the little trips of the Royal Family, is ordered to be equipt at Deptford by the latter end of next month, to be ready to fetch his Royal Highness over from Germany.

Saturday last Mr Pitt, and several of the nobility, dined with the Archbishop of Canterbury, at Lambeth Palace.

Saturday Lord Camden gave the Cabinet dinner at his house in Hill-street, Berkeley-square.

Last night there was a grand Route at the French Ambassador's, at Hyde-Park; and a concert at the Duke of Queensberry's.

Mr Faulkner is appointed Secretary to Lord Walsingham, who is going in a few days as Ambassador to Spain.

Yesterday, the Hon. John Villers kissed the King's hand at St James's, on being appointed Comptroller of his Majesty's Household.

We hear it is in contemplation at Oxford, to erect an equestrian statue of his Majesty in the quadrangle in the schools, or in some public part of the University, to perpetuate the memory of the distinguished honour done to the University by our gracious Monarch, by visiting it twice in one year.

The following is the exact state and strength of the British Squadron, stationed in the Mediterranean for the protection of trade, and as a fleet of observation, since the exchange which has lately taken place: — *Trusty*, of 50 guns, Commodore P. Colby, Capt. W. Wolfeley; *Phaeton*, 36, Capt. G. Dawson; *Pearl*, 32, Hon. S. Finch; *Southampton*, 32, Capt. A. Douglas; *Carysfort*, 28, Capt. M. Smith; *King's Fisher*, 16, Capt. G. Lumfain.

The troubles in France, and the troubles in Holland, all tend to the advantage of this country. — The failure of the Paymaster of the navy in Paris has occasioned so great distress in the commercial world, that the best bills in Paris are done at 7, 8, nay, 10 per cent. discount. As to the Dutch, many of the first families are coming to settle among us, which must tend to support our funds. A bill for naturalizing a Dutch gentleman of professional rank is expected to be brought into the Lords in a few days, and it is imagined more bills of the same kind will follow it.

Wednesday there was held at the Marine Society's Office, in Bishopsgate-street, a meeting of the merchants, planters, and others concerned in the West-India trade, agreeable to a public notice given by the Secretary.

The purpose of the meeting was to take into consideration a letter from Mr Pitt, in consequence of the resolutions of the last meeting which were transmitted to that Gentleman.

Mr Pitt's letter was read by the Secretary. It is Mr Pitt informed the meeting, that he had considered their resolutions, but did not conceive that it was necessary to reduce the duties upon rum more than three-pence per gallon — that he intended to make a motion in the House of Commons, in consequence of the Commercial Treaty, that the duties on brandy should be 7 s. per gallon; and it was thought that hereafter it must be found necessary to reduce the duties upon brandy still farther, in order to suppress smuggling the more effectually, and a proportionable reduction on rum would take place — and concluded with saying, that he should be happy to receive any further instructions or information from the Committee.

A conversation then took place, on account of some expressions in Mr Pitt's letter said to be ambiguous, but it was unanimously agreed that his letter contained a flat denial of the request or proposition which the Committee had made, viz. that the duty upon rum should be reduced five-pence per gallon.

The meeting was very numerous, and, from the conversation, it appeared to be the general opinion, that every encouragement ought to be given to the consumption of rum in this country; and that any additional impost, or any alteration in the duties, which gave a preference, in point of cheapness, to brandy, would operate very unfavourable against the interests of the merchants here, and particularly the planters in the West India islands.

The recall of the Prussian Ambassador from Holland, and the manner of doing it, will probably speak louder in the ears of Dutch patriots than his actual remonstrances did. Perhaps too the shock may reach Versailles somewhat disagreeably, as the Grand Monarch is not in one of his warlike fits, and perhaps his Treasury not in a warlike state.

The King and Queen having signified an inclination to visit Whitbread's brewery, the day for their reception is appointed, and in the interim Mr Whitbread's dwelling-house is sitting up in a superb style. The brewers, coopers, draymen, &c. are to appear before the Royal visitors in new apparel characteristic of their different employments.

One of the severest sarcasms, perhaps, that was ever uttered, fell from Mr Sheridan in the course of his late celebrated speech. In pointing out the contradictions that appeared between the relation of the transactions with the Begums, given by Mr Hastings in 1781, and the defence delivered at the bar of the House in 1786, "which of them (said Mr Sheridan) shall we believe? — shall we suppose that Mr Hastings spoke truth in 1781, and falsehood in 1786? — shall we infer the converse of this statement, or shall we believe that Mr Hastings never spoke truth in his life?" Proceeding then to point out several other contradictions, equally gross, but true, "Let me pause, (said the orator) it is possible I may pursue this reasoning too far; — I may so far depreciate the testimony of Mr Hastings, that he may be no longer considered as a sufficient evidence, even against himself."

The particular sums of money fold out of the funds last week by Mr Hastings and Sir Elijah Impey are not publicly ascertained, but they were so considerable as to cause a temporary fall of one and a quarter per cent. on the news becoming general in the city.

The business of impeachment, says a correspondent, will not terminate with Mr Hastings, but be followed with charges against several other Nabobs, who have made princely fortunes at the expense of the Company, by letting their farms under value, and receiving from the renters proportionate considerations, which by covenant, as well as oath of fidelity to the said Company, were both unjustifiable and illegal, and as such no doubt recoverable by the Company. This, it is said, will be brought into Parliament when the charges against Mr Hastings are finished.

Mrs Siddon's indisposition is so alarming, that she has been under the necessity of relinquishing all her summer engagements.

The morning after Mrs Inchbal's Play was produced — her bookeller waited on her, and gave her the sum of two hundred pounds for the copy.

Mr Brereton, the performer, a few days since, died, at the private mid-house where he was confined: — His last performance was Macduff, in which he gave very alarming proofs of insanity, by parading with a drawn sword up to the Prince of Wales, who sat in the stage-box.

CHAMBER OF MANUFACTURES.

The representatives of the great manufacturing bodies in this kingdom, held another general meeting on Saturday last, at their Chamber in Fenchurch Street.

JOSIAH WEDGEWOOD, Esq; in the Chair. After a conversation of four hours, they agreed to five Resolutions, to which the worthy Chairman assented; each of them went to their disapprobation of the treaty between England and France. It must have, therefore, been a very ill-natured and unjust report, that Mr Wedgwood ever approved of the treaty. These resolutions, and a long and excellent vindication of himself, amply proved it. He is a patriotic character, and ought not to be vilified.

The members opinions were that by the minister's evasive conduct, they plainly perceived that our Portuguese trade was sacrificed to France, as well as our Spanish trade. They declared, that France must soon become what Britain is at present, the greatest commercial nation on earth, while Britain could never regain her present superiority, unless ministers could be immediately checked. England was irretrievably undone. Amongst many articles of trade that would be injured, they mentioned every sort that was subject to the Excise Law. Although the importation and inland duties, said they, were to be equal, yet the French goods paid their importation duty in a finished state, while ours, after paying the duty, were often not finished for a year after. Thus we lost a twelvemonth's use of our money, while our new and sincere friends, the French, received back their importation duty in a few days afterwards at our own market! Guns and pistols, coaches and carriages of all kinds, &c. &c.

many other articles that are composed of various pieces, could be put together, and finished in France far cheaper than in England. The inference drawn was, that those goods would be commissioned over in an unfinished state to France, and afterwards finished there, for our own and their market.

But what they most loudly deprecated was, what did honour to them as men, the annihilation of female industry, and of consequence female virtue. This was effected by lowering the duties on these articles that compose female dress. Although, says one, these are far from equalling, even when united, most of all our great staples, yet as they are the combined staple of the whole female sex, in the middle ranks of life, by enabling them to tread the path of virtue, it was perdition in the sight of man, and the most heinous sacrilege in the sight of the Divinity, to devote many thousands of the British fair to poverty and prostitution, by the millinery clause in this pernicious treaty. Mr Pitt's unguarded expression of Monday last, that it would not be attended with the utter extirpation of the millinery and mantua-making businesses, was universally reprobated, as being impolitic, unjust, unfeeling, and unmanly! The meeting broke up at five, and adjourned.

BRITISH STATE LOTTERY, 1787.

SEVENTH DAY'S DRAWING.
No. 47,031 drawn a blank; but, as first drawn, entitled to 1000 l.
No. 33,379, 2000 l. No. 6071, 500 l.
And the following prizes of 50 l. each:
No. 1286, 8159, 11,079, 13,346, 17,864, 27,403, 29,657, 30,657, 30,612, 37,754, 46,155.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Feb. 19.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

"The famous Lottery bill was read in a Committee, and ordered to be reported, when it is expected that Mr Erskine will be heard in defence of the lottery-office keepers against the bill.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

"In consequence of the order of the day being for receiving the report of the Commercial Treaty with France, a very full House and gallery appeared at a very early hour, and amongst the strangers were the Duke and Duchess of Cumberland, Lord Walsingham, and others.

"At three o'clock the Speaker took the chair, and a new writ was ordered in the room of George Johnston, Esq; who has accepted of the Chiltern Hundreds.

"After some private business in course, the House waited nearly three quarters of an hour for Mr Pitt, who so soon entered the House than

"Mr Hamilton rose, and in a short speech, trusted, that as Sir Elijah Impey was ordered to the bar, no motion would be made against Mr Hastings on the same day.

"Mr Burke spoke in reply, and signified, that by-and-bye he should have something to say on the subject of the next charge against Mr Hastings, and seemed to acquiesce in what the Hon. Gentleman had said, which he admitted to be but fair and reasonable, and agreeable to the general rule of proceeding in all courts of judicature.

COMMERCIAL TREATY.

"The order of the day being called for, Mr Beaufort brought up the report of the Commercial Treaty, which was read, article by article, a first time; but, upon the Speaker's moving a second reading,

"Mr Sheridan rose, and, in a very long speech, made a variety of objections. He said he understood that the House were in a few days to be moved to address the King on the treaty, and that the consultation of the Customs and Excise was meant to be mixed with, and to make part of the treaty. Mr Sheridan wished to know if this really was to be; and if it was, he thought it would be very improper, as the carrying an address on the treaty as it now stood would preclude any further consideration of it; and he apprehended that there were many considerations that might yet be had respecting it. Mr Sheridan wished also to know, if, by the treaty, the French ports would be opened for goods, &c. brought there in Irish bottoms, and whether the kingdom of Ireland was or was not included in the treaty, and to be held in the same relation, with regard to it, as Great Britain. The Hon. Gentleman expatiated a long while on these points, and adverted to many articles of the treaty; but these two questions were the only ones he deduced from his arguments, and to these he pressed the Minister, with great earnestness, to reply with that candour and fairness that became a Minister.

"Mr Grenville said, there was no doubt but that the ports of France would be open to the ships of Ireland, provided the Parliament of Ireland should agree with Great Britain in the various articles of the Treaty.

"Mr Sheridan was not satisfied with this, but called on the Minister to answer the questions he had put.

"Mr Pitt rose and said, the Hon. Gentleman was certainly mistaken as to any future considerations there might be respecting the French Treaty. For his part, he knew of none. The Right Hon. Gent. made some observations on the other parts of Mr Sheridan's speech, but by no means to his satisfaction.

"A very desultory conversation now ensued, of a more mixed, and, if we may presume to offer our opinion, more unintelligible nature, than we ever remember to have witnessed in Parliament. The Minister and Mr Sheridan had actually replied three or four times to each other, before Mr Pitt either could, or would allow himself to understand what the questions were, that Mr Sheridan wished him to answer; during which time, Mr Pitt accused Mr Sheridan of being angry with him without a cause, and reprehending him for not answering questions he could not make him understand. He said, the Hon. Gentleman was the fittest person in the world to give him instruction, he gave it in so conciliating a way, and with such apparent sincerity and candour.

Mr Sheridan, in return, said, he trusted he had not shown any petulance, or behaved in a way at all ungracious; if he had, and if what he had said, had made any impression on the Right Hon. Gentleman, so as to induce him to act with moderation in future, he believed the whole House would thank him for it.

"At length, Mr Sheridan was confessed to make himself clearly understood in his two questions, which he now (as the Minister said) put into one, which was, whether Ireland was, or was not, to be considered the same as Great Britain with regard to the French Treaty?

"Mr Pitt answered, that if Ireland should agree to the Treaty the same as Great Britain had, she certainly would be entitled to the same benefits.

"Mr Sheridan was not satisfied with this, and said that, notwithstanding what the Minister had thrown out, a separate Treaty between Ireland and France might be found necessary.

"Mr Pitt repeated what he had said.

"Mr Sheridan replied, he knew very well that Ireland might object to the Treaty; but his question was this, "In the Treaty formed between Great Britain and France, was Ireland included?"

"Mr Fox took up the argument of his Hon. Friend, and contended, that Ireland ought to have been included, and that the King of Great Britain ought to have answered for her.

"Mr Pitt said, that except in the article of brandy this had been the case.

"The Opposition cried out, "In all the articles of the treaty."

"Mr Pitt rose again, and positively denied this, and said again, that except in the article of brandy, and a few others, Ireland was included.

"Mr Sheridan and Mr Fox disputed this, or the treaty was not to be understood.

"Mr Pitt explained the treaty, by saying, that when Great Britain and France reciprocally bound themselves to each other (though Ireland was not mentioned) Ireland was included in the treaty; and he again said, "that brandy was the only article left open," and that it remained with Ireland, whether she should or should not, by her conduct, stand the same with regard to that article as Great Britain.

"At half past six, Mr Welbore Ellis was left speaking on the subject.

"Sir Archibald Edmonstone, Lord Frederick Campbell, Mr Beaufort, Sir Adam Ferguson, and Mr Dempster are the Committees appointed by the House, on the 12th inst. to consider of an act passed last session, entitled, "An act for the more effectual encouragement of the British Fisheries," and to prepare and bring in a bill upon the following resolution — "That the bounty granted by the act of the last session of Parliament, entitled, "An act for the more effectual encouragement of the British Fisheries," to the owners of busses and vessels built after the 1st day of January 1780, be extended and paid to the owners of all busses and vessels whatever, built in Great Britain, and employed in the said fishery, subject to the direction and revisions of the said act."

"The complaint which is to be heard on the 30th of March next, on the motion of Mr Adam, is, that the writ of the last election of a member to serve in Parliament for the county of Renfrew, was sealed and tested on the 26th day of June; that the said writ was delivered to Charles Macdowall of Crichton, Esq; the Sheriff-depute of the said county, on or before the 20th day of July 1786; that the said Sheriff, although frequently requested, instead of naming an early and convenient day for the election of a member, to be held in pursuance of the said writ, unnecessarily, and contrary to the duty of his office, delayed executing the same, by not proceeding to hold the election until the 15th of October following."

Mrs Willoughby, daughter of the deceased Captain James Bruce, late of the 26th regiment of foot, died near Bristol the 16th instant.

On Saturday last, died at Glasgow, in the 73d year of his age, Mr John Bogle, lately from Galloway, much regretted by all his acquaintances.

Yesterday, the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and Council granted a presentation in favour of the Rev. Mr William Greenfield, joint Professor of Rhetoric and Belles Lettres in this University, and presently Minister of St Andrew's Church, to be one of the Ministers of the High or New Church, in room of the Rev. Mr Thomas Hardie, translated to the New North or Haddo's-Hill Church.

This day, the Rev. Mr William Martin, late Minister of the parish of Gargunnoch, was admitted minister of the New Grayfriars parish of this city, in room of the Rev. Dr Andrew Hunter, translated to the Tron Church. The admission sermon was preached by the Rev. Mr David Bennet, minister of Duddingston.

Yesterday afternoon, the magistrates sold the whole materials of the city walls, extending westward from the center of Laurielston road, and opposite Watson's Hospital, to the new reservoir in Heriot's garden, which is to be immediately taken down. This will have the effect to exhibit to the eye of the passengers two fabrics which can scarcely be equalled in Britain for elegance, or the beneficial effects of their institution. At the same time, there was also sold the materials of the wall from the Pottenrow Port eastward to the entry to the South Bridge by Nicholson's street, by which the street there will be greatly enlarged. This alteration will be very beneficial to the inhabitants in that neighbourhood.

Yesterday, in consequence of an advertisement in the newspapers, a General Meeting of the Chamber of Commerce and Manufactures was held in Mary's Chapel, in order to take into consideration the Postmaster General's answer to the application made to him respecting the Sunday's post. After some conversation, a motion was made, that a letter should be written to Sir Adam Ferguson, member of Parliament for this city, requesting him to apply to the Postmaster General of Great Britain, to get Edinburgh put upon the same footing with respect to the post as London, where no mail either

he trusted he
chayed in a way
if what he had
the Right Hon.
act with mode-
le House would
on Sunday. Another motion
was made, that, though, for the convenience of
other towns in Scotland, the London post might ar-
rive and depart from Edinburgh on Sunday, no
letters should be delivered at the Post Office here
on Monday morning. These motions being oppo-
sed, it was at last agreed to put the question,
"Proceed" or "Delay." Upon which it was
resolved, that the sense of the Meeting should be ra-
ther by ballot. But this having been opposed, was
given up. The question being accordingly put, it
was carried by a majority of four, to "proceed." The
first motion was afterwards adopted without a divi-
sion.

We are authorized to insert the following para-
graph.
We are informed that, on Saturday last, a meet-
ing took place between the Lord Advocate, the So-
litor of Excise, and the Distillers, respecting a
bill which had arisen from a general expression in
the late Distillery Act.—It is thereby provided,
"That in case a licensed still shall be destroyed, or
rendered unfit for use by unavoidable accident, the
owner shall be entitled, upon giving notice, to erect
a new still; and, in case such new still is larger,
to obtain an additional license upon the terms pre-
scribed in the act." The question was, What sort
of proof should be required that the case had arisen
from an unavoidable accident? And it was agreed,
That, till the matter could be more deliberately con-
sidered, the Distillers should meet with no molesta-
tion, on account of their working any such still with-
out license in the mean time. Notwithstanding this,
it seems, Mr John Auchincloss, distiller at St Cle-
ment's Wells, who had been present at the meeting,
immediately lodged informations against his brethren
in trade, who were in the predicament already de-
scribed; and in consequence of one of these informa-
tions, and of an intimation by Mr Auchincloss to the
supervisor with whom it was lodged, that if he did
not proceed upon it within twenty-four hours, he
was, by an express clause in the act, liable to be
dismissed, the distillery at Lochrin, belonging to
Mr John Haig, was put under what is called the
Broad Arrow. Yesterday morning, however, it
was taken off by the same officer, without any applica-
tion for that purpose on the part of Mr Haig, as
he had done all that he understood to be incumbent
on him by the law; and the general question, in what
manner the distillers are to proceed in such cases,
will now be settled, so as to prevent all such misun-
derstandings in future.

Formerly we took occasion to mention to our
readers an unlawful combination that had been formed
by the journeymen tailors in and about Edin-
burgh to raise their wages, and that a prosecution of
the ringleaders had taken place. Yesterday, the
Lord Provost and Magistrates of Edinburgh, after
consulting with their learned Assessors, determined
the question, finding it instructed by the declarations
of several of the defenders, and particularly that of
Robert Patterson, their prelates, that they had entered
into a combination to demand 1 s. 6 d. per day from
the master-tailors within this city and suburbs; and,
if this demand was not complied with, to loiter at
their work, or neglect it, at the usual hours of la-
bour: Finding it sufficiently instructed, by the de-
clarations of the defenders, that said resolution was
actually carried into effect by several of the defend-
ers; and that the same was highly improper and il-
legal: Therefore, the Lord Provost and Magistrates
fined and amerced each of the defenders in the
sum of twenty shillings sterling; with certification,
that if they should not in future pay strict obedience
to the regulations of the Quarter Sessions, fixing the
price of their labour, a much severer punishment
should be inflicted: Also finding them liable, con-
junctly and severally, in 2 l. sterling of expence of
process, and in the expence of extracting the de-
creet.—Whilst the forefard judgment reflects
the greatest honour on the Lord Provost and Magis-
trates for their strict attention and well-timed inter-
ference in so material a part of the police, we trust
it will have the effect to prevent any attempt to
such unlawful combination amongst journeymen in
this place, in future.

From the first representation of "He would be a
Soldier" at our Theatre, little doubt was entertained
of its becoming a favourite with the public, on ac-
count of its numerous excellencies. The very bril-
liant and crowded audiences which have attended
the Theatre each of the three nights it has already
been performed, afford the most convincing proof
of its merit, and is a sufficient answer to any peevish
attack that may be made against it. When this play
was first represented here, occasion was taken to say
a few words in its praise. The writer of that arti-
cle omitted then to mention the manner in which the
characters were dressed. Justice to the Manager
would have warranted very high encomiums on this
head, as few pieces have been got up where more
taste and elegance have been displayed. Indeed,
his indefatigable attention to every department of
the Stage is truly praise-worthy, and cannot fail of
ensuring to him the patronage and protection of a
generous public, for whose entertainment he has pro-
cured a company of performers superior in abilities
to any now in Great Britain or Ireland, London,
perhaps, not excepted.

The lovely Mary, Boyd, from London, arrived
in Leith Roads last night, all well.

Thursday se'ennight, a sloop, Glaisher master, la-
den with merchant goods from Liverpool for Dum-
fries, was stranded near Rarenglass; the greatest
part of the cargo has been got ashore.

The take of salmon in the river Eden, near Car-
lisle, is said to be greater at this early season than
has been remembered. In one day and a half, last
week, it is computed that upwards of a thousand
pounds worth was caught.

We are informed, that the Magistrates and Town
Council of the Burgh of Dornoch had the plan of
Union of the King's and Marischal Colleges of A-
berdeen under consideration, on the 6th of this
month; and after reasoning upon the same, unani-
mously disapproved thereof, and recommended to
their Preles to write to the member for their district
of burghs, asking of him to oppose such Union, if

any application shall be made to Parliament in its
favour.

We learn that, on the 6th current, the Presbytery
of Nairn took under consideration the projected plan
of Union of the King's and Marischal Colleges of
Aberdeen, and having reasoned for some time on the
subject, and maturely weighed the arguments on both
sides, either for or against the said Union, were of
opinion, *nemine dissentiente*, that it would be *advan-
tageous* to the interests of good education in the
north of Scotland, and to the cause of literature in
general.—That the Union of two seminaries of learn-
ing so nearly adjoining to each other, would render
the University more comprehensive and respectable,
give more dignity to their degrees, and extend still
farther that reputation, which each of the Colleges,
in their separate state, has hitherto so deservedly ac-
quired.

Last Wednesday evening, at eight o'clock, as
James Baxter was on his return home from Dum-
fries to Milldam-head, which is about a quarter of
a mile from town, he was attacked by two fellows
at the Old Chapel, who, on coming up to him, de-
manded his money, and threatened, in case of resis-
tance, to take his life. They robbed him of about
sixteen shillings, with which they got clear off.

A few days ago, a weaver was attacked under
cloud of night, about a gun-shot from Holywood-
manse, by a fellow, who demanded his purse, but
was told he had none; upon which he seized his
watch, but the weaver wrestled it from him, and
plied his ell so dexterously, that the blood came
pouring down the assailant's face pretty freely; and
seeing himself likely to be worsted, he gave a signal,
whereupon an associate leapt over a fence to his af-
filiant, who made several passes at the weaver with
a sword, which luckily ran through his plaid only.
By this time two riders came up, upon which the
robbers made off.

By letters from Bergen in Norway, there are ac-
counts of the arrival of the Lerwick, Sinclair, which
failed from Leith to Shetland about the beginning
of December last, and was thought to have been
lost. She met with a violent storm on the 10th and
11th of January, and was drove far to the north.
Four men were washed overboard, two of whom
were drowned, the other two were thrown back in-
to the ship by the waves. The vessel is much da-
maged, and with great difficulty reached Bergen.

A great number of ships, intended for the whale-
fishery at Davis's Straights, have been mustered and
paid this week at Newcastle, and are expected to go
to sea in a few days.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Feb. 15.

"In consequence of a new publication of D-
T—t, Esq; some parts of which were conceived
by Sir J—n C—t, to reflect on his conduct,
several messages passed between them. The sheriffs
of this city had intimation of the circumstance, and
much to their honour, bound them both over. They
referred, however, yesterday, to the borders of the
county Wicklow, near Bray. Sir J—n was ac-
companied by his friend, Counsellor F—g—ld;
and Mr T—t, by the Hon. H. H—ch—n. After dis-
charging two pistols each, their friends
strove to effect a reconciliation, but in vain. They
continued on the ground until they had discharged
four pistols each. The last shot from Mr T—t
took place in Sir J—n's breast. He fell, and was
conveyed to the house of Mrs Walcott, near Old
Connought, where he still continues. The surgeons
were unable this morning to find where the ball had
lodged; but, there are, however, hopes of his re-
covery."

NOTICE OF GOOD FORTUNE.

No. 25,958, first-drawn on the 1st morning of
drawing, entitled to 1000 l.
No. 15,968, a prize of 1000 l. on the second
day.
No. 3624, a prize of 500 l. the third day.
No. 32,528, first-drawn on the 4th morning of
drawing, entitled to 1000 l.
No. 46,101, a prize of 2000 l. the 5th day.
No. 277, a prize of 2000 l. the 6th day.

HORNSBY and CO. from their old established
office, No. 26, in Cornhill, give this information
to their numerous customers in every part of En-
gland, that, all the above fortunate numbers having
been sold in their valuable beneficial chances of
One Guinea, Half-a-Guinea, and Five Shillings
and Sixpence, the parties interested therein may re-
ceive their respective claims as soon as they think
proper, without the smallest deduction of any kind;
agreeably to the conditions of their plans. This ad-
vantage alone of being paid in full, must, in addi-
tion to the superior value of their chances, clearly
convince the public, that HORNSBY and Co. not only
claim a superior share of attention, but are, at
the same time, scrupulously anxious to deserve it.
For when it is considered that every prize in the
lottery falls at a considerable discount, their
friends will at once see how much they consult their
own interest, by giving that preference to the Chances
of HORNSBY and Co. to which they are so evident-
ly entitled.

HORNSBY and Co. are very happy to have it in
their power to inform the Public, that they have
had more prizes already drawn than any three offices
in London. And that they continue selling their
beneficial Chances, at one guinea, half-a-guinea,
and five and sixpence, warranted undrawn at the
time of purchasing; so that the purchasers are al-
ways perfectly secure, at every period of the draw-
ing of the present Lottery.

State of the Thermometer since our last:
Tuesday, Feb. 20. 8 o'clock. P. M. 43
Wednesday, — 21. 8 — A. M. 42
— 8 — P. M. 42
Thursday, — 22. 8 — A. M. 36

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,
THE FRIENDSHIP,
(A New Ship.)
THOMAS RITCHIE Master.
Now lying at Hoare's Wharf, taking in
goods, and will sail the 25th February 1877.

The Mary, Wilson, is arrived at Jamaica, from Phila-
delphia.

Jessie, Hartwell, at Newry, from North Carolina, &c her
way to Clyde.

Eagle, Scotland, at North Carolina, from Clyde.

Peggy and Jenny, Hutton, at Dublin, from ditto.

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK.

Feb. 13. Nancy, McCaffrey, from Dublin, in ballast.
14. Nelly, McCaffrey, from Easdale, with flates.
Brothers, Livingstone, from ditto, with ditto.
Fortune, McGowan, from ditto, with ditto.
Nancy, McLachlan, from ditto, with ditto.
Margaret, Lindsay, from Virginia, with tobacco.
Perseverance, Chapman, from Halifax, with timber.
Suffernan, Hurlingham, from Waterford, with meal.
Four Vessels from Carrisburgh, with flates.
18. Peggy and Nelly, McGibbon, from Easdale, with flates.
Angela, McNaught, from Dublin, with goods.

SAILED.

13. Juno, Ritchie, for Jamaica, with goods.
Barbados, McNeil, for Barbados, with ditto.
Fair Penitent, Hunter, for ditto, with ditto.
British Queen, McCull, for Wilmington, with ditto.
Elliot, Taylor, for Liverpool, with ditto.
Dispatch, Gray, for ditto, with ditto.
The Savage, Ross, for war.
Heart of Oak, McLachlan, for Dublin, with coals.
Lively, Brown, for Liverpool, with goods.
Grandvale, Bain, for Jamaica, with ditto.
Peggy, Campbell, for Dublin, with ditto.
Friends, Roche, for ditto, with ditto.
Alexander, Rude, for Jamaica, with goods.
Good Intent, Roche, for Belfast, with ditto.
Sally, Black, for England, with coals.
Fortune, Rochester, for Dublin, with goods.
Elizabeth, Blair, for ditto, with ditto.
Crawford, Paul, for ditto, with ditto.
Sebelia, McKellar, for Cork, with ditto.
Favourite, Angus, for ditto, with ditto.
Peggy, McKay, for Dublin, with ditto.

ARRIVED AT GRANGEMOUTH.

Feb. 13. Friends, Hall, from Blackney, with clay and gravel.
14. Glasgow, Shaw, from Borrowstoness, for Glasgow,
with sundries.
16. Jean, Fernier, from Leith, for ditto, with ditto.
Margaret, Arthur, from ditto, for ditto, with ditto.
Isabella, Greig, from Dundee, for ditto, with goods.
Jesse, Berrie, from Borrowstoness, for ditto, ditto.

SAILED.

19. Paisley, Dick, for London, with goods.

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

Feb. 20. Summer, Tapp, from London, with goods.
Diligence, Syne, from Dunbar, with herrings.
Jean, Napier, from Glasgow, with goods.
21. Jean and Mary, Kennedy, from Alloa, with malt.
Euphan, Malcolm, from Aberdeen, with goods.
Industry, Reid, from North Berwick, with grain.
22. William & Margaret, Morrison, from Finsburn, ballast.
Murray, Robertson, from Berwick, with grain.
Betsey, Robertson, from ditto, with ditto.
Friendship, Muir, from Aberdeen, with goods.
Kirkwall, Sutherland, from Kirkwall, with ditto.
Four sloops with coals.

SAILED.

Lark, Ayrlon, for Stockton, with goods.
James, Wilhart, for Newcastle, with ditto.
Leith Packet, Thomson, for London, with ditto.

COUNCIL CHAMBER.

EDINBURGH, FEBRUARY 21. 1877.

THE following Representation was this day read in Coun-
cil, and the consideration thereof remitted to a Com-
mittee of their number. But as the same contains matters
of very serious concern to the Public, ordered the same to be
published in the newspapers.

Unto the Right Honourable the Lord Provost, Magistrates, and
Town Council of the City of Edinburgh.

THE REPRESENTATION of the Committee of Managers
of the Charity Work-house, appointed by the General
Meeting of the 6th February.

Humbly sheweth,
THAT, since the first institution of the Charity Work-
house, the supplies, whether ordinary or extraordinary, al-
located for its support, have not been sufficient for the pur-
pose.

The House was opened in June 1745, and at the end of
the year, it was found necessary to apply for a general extra-
ordinary collection.—Another extraordinary collection was
obtained in the year 1747; as also in the years 1752, 1758,
1765, 1767, 1774, 1775, 1779, 1783; and last of all
in 1784. It appears from the report of a Committee of
the Magistrates, Stewards, and Managers, dated 23d
June 1775, that at an average taken for the eight preceding
years, there had been an annual deficiency of 446 l. 19 s.
7 d. Sterling. Mr Forrest, the City's Accountant, exam-
ined the books of the House for thirteen years previous to the
1st of July 1785, and found the average deficiency for these
years to be no less than 678 l. 9 d. Sterling. From all
which facts it appears, that the stated funds of the House,
in which are included the occasional aids received by legacies
or the donations of individuals, have at no period since the
first commencement of the institution, been nearly equal to
its support. On the contrary, all the public contributions
received since that time, have been only sufficient to relieve
the pressing necessities, but by no means to save the House
from the accumulation of a heavy load of debt.

On the 30th of June last, the term at which the year's
accounts are adjusted, the debt of the House amounted to
no less a sum than 3783 l. Sterling. Several of the creditors,
as might be expected, are now become extremely urgent in
their demands, and have even threatened an immediate pro-
secution.

In these circumstances, there were 861 persons, men, wo-
men and children, who received their lodging and subsistence
in the House, besides 121 out-pensioners, amounting in all
to 982; and since that time the affairs of the House are still
worse than before. By a report from the Mistress, just re-
ceived, it appears, that the whole stock of bed and bedding,
and the whole body linen, are in present use, in extreme bad
repair; and, in a very few weeks, their articles will be worn
out, without either money or credit to replace them.

The Managers find themselves no longer able to struggle
with these difficulties. They trust, that it will be found,
upon examination, that they have endeavoured faithfully to
conform to the regulations prescribed to them in the original
compact for the management of the funds; and that the
heavy load of debt with which the House is now incumbered,
has been gradually accumulating, from the deficiency of
funds for executing the purposes of that contract, a deficiency
which has been felt in every period from the very first in-
stitution; and which, of late years, has been felt much more
than ever, as the funds have increased in no proportion to
the advanced price of provisions, and the additional numbers
admitted to the benefit of the charity, not to mention the
yearly interest of the debts.

In this situation, the Managers must of necessity resign
their charge, unless some effectual supply be established.
They shall be happy if any mode be pointed out to them
for supporting the Poor at a less expence than what is re-
quired by the present establishment, and a new contract en-
tured into authorizing them to adopt it. But unless an ef-
fectual supply is provided, either for the present establish-
ment, or for such other establishment as may be judged pre-
ferable, they are resolved to resign their charge on the 31st
day of March next, when the present quarter ends.

WM. GREENFIELD.
DAVID STEUART.
WILL. MERCER.
WILLIAM CREECH.
W. SCOTT.
GEO. LESLIE.

To Journeymen Shoemakers.
WANTED.

AN Experienced CUTTER. One who
has been accustomed to cut STUFF WORK will be
preferred. Good encouragement will be given.
Apply to L. Chalmers, at the Mercury Printing-Office.

ALEXANDER LIVINGSTON.

At his Shop, opposite to the Chapel of Ease, Crosscauldway,
EDINBURGH.

RECS leave to acquaint the Ladies and the Public, That
they have just now on hand, above one hundred chests
of Green, Botching, Congo, and Bohemian TEAS, purchased
by one of his concerns at the India House, who, from his
long experience, is a judge of the qualities, and being on the
spot, has it in his power to examine them, both in taste and
flavour. Whatever others may pretend, he can assure his
Friends and the Public, that none can serve them upon bet-
ter terms. The present selling prices are as under:
Ordinary Congo, 3s.—Middling, 4s.—Fine, 4s. 6d.—
Souchong, 5s.—Fine, 5s. 6d.—Superfine Peckoe sort, 6s.—
Common Green, 3s. 6d.—Very best Hyson, 8s.
Commissions from the Country carefully attended to.

House, Garden, and Offices, to let.

TO be LET, and entered to at Whitunday next, that
House at the head of King's Street, Leith, which be-
longed to and was possessed by the late Major Henry Ba-
four, with the Garden in front thereof, back-court, offices,
&c.—The house stands in an airy healthy situation,
and is very convenient and proper to accommodate a family.
Also, to be LET, that House, being the top-storey of said
House, and having a separate entry.

1787. Inglis-Green Bleachfield.

Near Stelford, two miles and a half west from Edinburgh.

HUGH McWHIRTER bleaches in the best manner, at
the following prices, viz.

All coarse Cloth, half bleached, (if so marked on the end
of the web,) at 2d. per yard.
900 and under, finished at 2d. half-penny.
1000 and 1100, at 3d.
1200 and 1300, at 3d. half-penny.
1400 and 1500, at 4d.
1600 and upwards, at 5d.

Damask, at 4d. half-penny; Diapers, at 3d. half-penny;
Cambricks and Twines, at 4d.; Lanes, at 3d.; Cottons
and Demitties, at reasonable prices.

Mrs McWhirter continues to dye and dress Linen or Cotton
Cloth for furniture, in the best manner, viz. An ex-
ceeding fine new Gold Colour, Straw, Lemon, Yellow, Pale
and High Orange, upon unbleached cloth, at 5d. per yard;
and upon bleached cloth, at 3d. half-penny per yard; Cho-
colate light or dark, Lead and Silver Grey, at 1d. half-pen-
ny per yard. Samples to be sent with the Intakers, &c.

Cloth taken in, and receipts given by

Mrs Mayleford grocer, George Street, New Town.

Mrs Bell merchant, head of Liberton's Wynd.

Mrs Waterhouse, Mint.

James Geddes grocer, head of the Cowgate.

Joseph Archibald feedman, Chapel Street.

James Greenfield merchant, head of St John's Street, Co-
nongate.

Angus McDonald cloth-merchant, Parliament Close.

Henry Downie, at the Irish Linen Warehouse.

J. Goodman merchant, Lawnmarket.

David Gray merchant, Grass-market, and at his shop,
New Town.

David Gordon merchant, Hanover Street, New Town.

George Alexander weaver, West-port.

Robert Gibson weaver, Pleasance.

Charles Cowan merchant, Leith.

John Dick merchant, Bathgate; and

At the Bleachfield, by Hugh McWhirter;

Who begs leave to assure his employers, that the utmost
attention is paid to their cloth; which is wholly wet bleached,
That to his former supply of spring water, he has now
brought in a very fine spring, for the purpose of watering the
cloth upon the field, in place of the river water hitherto used.
He has also finished a wall of seven feet high round the
field, which, with the assistance of a watchman and dog in
the inside, not only renders it perfectly secure from the at-
tempts of thieves, but has so fortified the field on all sides,
as to make it a particular manner adapted to the bleach-
ing of Lanes, Muslin, Cambricks, and fine Linen.

N. B. Wine Stains, &c. taken off, and Table-cloths clean-
ed, at 6d. each.

Luncarty and Perth Bleachfields.

NEAR PERTH, 1787.

SANDEMAN, TURNBULL, and COMPANY, carry
on business at both Fields, and bleach in the best man-
ner, at the following prices; and the Cloth returned soon.

All Linen Cloth, yard wide and under; not exceeding

Per Yard.	1600,	Per Yard.
900 warp,	2d.	3d.
1000 and 1100,	3d.	3d.
1200,	3d.	3d.
1300,	4d.	3d.
1400,	4d.	3d.
1500,	5d.	4d.

All above yard-wide in proportion to its breadth.

Cloth for these Fields is presently taken in by

JAMES TORRY Merchant, Royal Exchange, Edinburgh.

William Braidwood iron-monger, Grass-market; William
Coke bookbinder, Leith; James Gillies bookbinder, Glasgow;
John Gony weaver, Dalkeith; John Herrie merchant, ditto;
Thomas Muir merchant, Bathgate; Miss Emphre Walker
merchant, St Andrews; William Muir merchant, Cupar
Fife; Mrs Janet Bell, Leven; John McNeill and Son, Dy-
fart; William Philip and Son, Kirkcaldy; Mrs Helen Scott,
Anstruther; Mrs Alexander, Dunfermline; James Duncan
merchant, Alloa; Mr James Addison, senior, Borrowstoness;
David Ouchterlony, Dundee; William Ritchie mer-
chant, Arbroath; John Low merchant, Montrose; John
Bett junior, in Cupar Angus; Robert Cargill merchant, Dun-
keld; James Glas merchant, Crieff; David Sandeman mer-
chant, and William Sandeman and Company, Perth; He-
ctor Turnbull at Luncarty, and John Turnbull at Tulloch.

Doctor Dickinson's Cephalic Drops.

THE Public having for some time past been deprived of
the benefit of this valuable medicine, owing to the
death of the late proprietor, and other unavoidable cau-
ses, the present proprietor begs leave to inform the No-
bility Gentry, and the Public in general, that they
are again faithfully prepared from the Doctor's own re-
ceipts.

The virtues of these Drops are well known to many fa-
milies of distinction, who have used them with success;
the proprietor, nevertheless, thinks it not improper to say,
that he is in possession of many original letters from per-
sons of undoubted veracity, which prove the extraordi-
nary cures the WHITE DROPS have done in Convulsions
Fits, Falling Sickness, Apoplexy, Palsy, and other ner-
vous complaints; and are found so serviceable in the Small-
pox and Measles, as seldom to fail of success. The RED
DROPS are particularly adapted to Convulsion Fits in
Children, and generally prove a very successful remedy.

The late Archbishop Wake, speaking of the virtues
of this medicine (in a letter which the proprietor
serves), writes thus: "After eighteen years expe-
rience, I do take it to be one of the most excellent remedies
world for Convulsion Fits both in men, women,
children, and am persuaded it will be for the good
to have it made more common." And in other
places, he has recommended these Drops
with good success; and that he had more than
man to bless God for the use of them.

The above Drops are sold by Andrew Smith,
Bridge Street, Edinburgh, and no where else in
Scotland.

At the said shop of A. Smith, may be had a
complete assortment of Perfumery articles, by which the
from London.

TO BE SOLD.
THE HOUSE in Canongate, belong-
ing to and possessed by the Earl of Hadinton,—
with a large area, coach house for two carriages, two stables,
and a variety of other conveniences.
The house to be seen Mondays and Fridays, betwixt one
and three o'clock afternoon.
For particulars, enquire at John Wanchope, writer to the
signet.

NOTICE
To the CREDITORS of JOHN and JAMES LOW,
Tanners in Alloa.

THE Lords of Session, this day, upon the application of
the said John and James Low, with concurrence of a
Creditor to the extent required by act of Parliament, seque-
strated the whole real and personal estate of the said John and
James Low as a Company, and of the said John and James
Low as Individuals, situated within Scotland; and appointed the
Creditors to meet within the house of Mrs Haig vintner
in Alloa, upon Monday the 26th day of February current,
at twelve o'clock mid-day, to chuse an interim factor, where-
of all concerned are hereby required to take notice.
Edinburgh, 22d February 1787.

NOTICE
To the CREDITORS of WILLIAM YOUNG,
late Distiller at Huttonburg.

WHEREAS several of the said Creditors have not lodged
their grounds of debt along with their affidavits, Mi-
chael Henderson of Turf-hills, the Trustee thereof, requests
that such Creditors will IMMEDIATELY lodge all the grounds
and vouchers of debt upon which they claim, either with
him, he being presently at George Wilson's writer, Kin-
caid's Land, Edinburgh, where he will be for some days, or
with George Post writer in Kinross. Certifying those of the
Creditors who shall fail to do so, that they cannot be ranked
in the state now preparing, nor draw any share of the first
dividend to take place on the 8th of May next.

NOTICE
To the CREDITORS of Mr JOHN WILSON, late in
Townhead of Hardridge.

THE Trustees nominated by the creditors have, in virtue
of the trust-deed executed by Mr Wilson in their fa-
vours, converted the chief part of his estate situated in Scot-
land into money; and as it will require further time to re-
cover such parts of his estate situated in England and India,
they have resolved to make an interim division of the money
recovered.

The creditors are therefore hereby required, betwixt and
the 25th March next, to lodge their grounds and documents
of debt, with oaths on the verity thereof, in the hands of
William Howison, jun. writer in Edinburgh, or of Adam
French merchant in Douglas the trustees, in order that a
scheme of division may be made out; certifying such credi-
tors as fail to produce betwixt and that day, that they will
be excluded from any share in the first division.

NOTICE
To the CREDITORS of JOHN KEILLOR, late corn and
meal merchant at New Mill of Knap.

THE Factor upon the sequestrated Estate of the said John
Keillor, having made up a state of the bankrupt's ef-
fects that have been converted into money, and state of the
debts proved and lodged with him, with a cast, dividing the
free produce of the money recovered among the creditors in
these debts, according to the order of ranking; which states
and scheme, with a general state of the bankrupt's affairs,
will lie open in the hands of William Walker, writer in Dun-
dee, the factor, for the inspection of the creditors and all
concerned, until the 25th April next, being exactly twelve
months after the date of the sequestration; on which day the
creditors are hereby required to meet within the house of
James Micklejohn, vintner in Dundee, at twelve o'clock
noon, to receive their dividends, or to make a final settle-
ment.

NOTICE
To the DEBTORS of the deceased JAMES M'KIETH.
ALL persons who are indebted to the deceased James
M'Kieth, late merchant in Perth, are desired immedi-
ately to pay their debts to Andrew Davidson writer in
Perth, otherwise they will be prosecuted according to law,
and the diligences taken out will be put in execution, if im-
mediate payment is not made.

Notice to Creditors.

THOMAS MILLER, Inskeeper in Bridgend of Perth,
having lately failed in his circumstances, and his ef-
fects being pointed at the influence of several of his creditors
—The creditors agreed at a meeting, that Andrew Davidson,
writer in Perth, should rank them upon the footing of the
late act of Parliament.—The creditors are desired to take
notice, That such as do not constitute their debts and claims,
within four months from the 27th January last, will draw no
share of the funds. Not to be repeated.

House in Merchant Street to be Sold.
TO be SOLD by public roup, on Wednesday next the
28th instant, between the hours of two and three,
within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, and entered to at
Whitunday next.

That HOUSE at the west end of Merchant Street, pos-
sessed by Mr Inglis, and consisting of parlour and kitchen on
the ground floor, with two large cellars below, entering with-
in the house; and on the second floor, five fire-rooms, and
four closets, two of which are large and light. There is a
water-pipe in the kitchen, and behind the house a conveni-
ent piece of ground upon which stables may be erected.
The house may be seen any day between and the day of
sale from two to three o'clock; and for further particulars
application may be made to the proprietor at the house.

Lands in the County of Linlithgow
FOR SALE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, on Friday the 13th of Ap-
ril next, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, be-
twixt the hours of five and six afternoon, in whole, or in lots,
The Lands of **EASTER CARRIBBER**, **WOODEND** of
Carribber, Upper and Nether **KETTLESTON**, the Farm
and Lands **KETTLESTON-MILN**, **KETTLESTON-
BRAEHEAD**, Lands of **CRAIGEND**, **CALDHAME**, and
WESTER KILTLY, consisting of 566 acres; and the
FEUDUTIES of the Lands of Bealyside, Kettleston-Mains,
and Woodcockdale, amounting to 3 l. 6 s. 8 d. Sterling,
with the Tenants of the Lands of Easter Carribber and Craighend;
all lying contiguous, in the parishes of Linlithgow and Torphrie-
n.

These lands are most delightfully situated upon the river
Avon, 18 miles distant from Edinburgh, and a from Linlith-
gow. The grounds are mostly inclosed, and subdivided into
convenient inclosures, the lands being set upon inclosing leas-
es.—There is a thriving natural Wood upon Carribber; on
which lands there is a beautiful romantic situation for a house.
The rent, after deducting public burdens, is above 20 l.
exclusive of the value of the wood.—Part of the lands hold
of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification in the coun-
ty.

If the lands are not sold together, they will be exposed in
the following lots:
I. Craighend.
II. Easter Carribber, Woodend of ditto, and the woods.
III. Kettleston, Kettleston-Bracehead, and Kettleston-Miln.
IV. Caldhame, and Wester Kiltly.
The rental, title-deeds, and plan of the lands, are in the
hands of William Lumfaine, clerk to the signet, to whom,
or to Mr James Taylor, writer in Linlithgow, any person
wishing for further information may apply.—Mr Taylor will
show rentals, and inform of a proper person to point out the
grounds.

EDINBURGH: Printed for and by JOHN ROBERTSON, and Sold at the Printing-house in the OLD FISHMARKET CLOSE, where ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in—
This Paper is regularly published every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday:—Price, a single Paper 3 d.—1 l. 17 s. 6 d. yearly when called for—2 l. 6 d. delivered in Town—and 2 l. 6 s. 6 d. sent by Post.

To be SOLD, and entered to at Whitunday next.
THE Eastmost House in the south
row of George's Square, entering from the east and
of the row.—The house consists of three stories, with Coach
House, Stable for four horses, &c. and may be seen from
twelve to two o'clock afternoon.

Sheep Farms, or Grazings, to Let.

TO LET on Lease, for any number of years that can be
agreed upon, from Whitunday next, Four excellent
SHEEP FARMS or GRAZINGS, viz. The Lands of
SWANSLATTER, **RETLANDS**, **FERTICORY**, and
ALMY, lying in the country called Arisaig, along the side
of Lochmorar, near the sea-coast, and county of Inverness.

These Farms are remarkably well adapted for Sheep walks,
and store possessions of great extent, near the sea side, ha-
ving abundance of heath and grass, and never subject to deep
falls of snow, which seldom in that country remains for any
time on the ground; and may be let together, or in separate
lots or farms, as offers incline; though, as the lands lie in
a stretch along the side of Lochmorar and contiguous, would
answer best to be let in one lot.

Any persons wishing for a lease of such grazings, may ap-
ply to Hector Macdonald at Mr Macdonald's, writer to the
signet, Prince's Street, Edinburgh, who will inform as to the
rent and other particulars; and Donald Chisholm in Arisaig,
will show the farms.

BY ADJOURNMENT,
Sale of Vicar's Grange.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Ex-
change Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 6th
day of March 1787, between the hours of five and six in the
afternoon.

The Lands of **VICARSGRANGE**, (with or without the
Superiority annexed thereto, as purchasers shall incline,) in
the parish of Kinghorn, situated on the sea-coast between
the populous towns of Kirkcaldy and Kinghorn, about a
mile from each, commanding an extensive view of the coast
of Fife, the Frith, and the opposite Lothian fiores, and af-
fording a most delightful situation for building. Along the
shore are extensive quarries of excellent Limestone, which
have never been worked, conveniently situated for sea-car-
riage, and plenty of good free stone. The lands are well
supplied with running water; they are at present under lease
at a low rent to one tenant, who has the means of manu-
facturing them plentifully, and whose task will expire at Martin-
mas 1789, when a considerable rise of rent may certainly be
obtained. The lands hold of the Crown, and a purchaser so
inclining can be accommodated with a freehold qualification
for the county of Fife.

Mr John Stock, brewer at Bridgeton, near Kirkcaldy, will
show the lands; and the articles of roup and conditions of
sale, &c. will be shown by Mr James Rutherford, writer to
the signet, Edinburgh; to whom, or Captain Beaton at
Dyfart, the proprietor, any person inclining to purchase by
private bargain may apply betwixt and the day of sale.

UPSET PRICE REDUCED.
By Adjournment.

Lands in Dumfriesshire.

TO be SOLD by public roup, under the authority of the
Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament
or New Session House of Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 7th
day of March 1787, betwixt the hours of four and five
afternoon, in one or more lots.

The Lands and ESTATE of **LAIRDHOLME**, **LIN-
HALL**, and **RAVENSHILL**, with the tenements thereof, which
belonged to the deceased William Johnston of Lairdholme,
lying in the parish of Tundergarth, and shire of Dumfries.

The proven free rent of the above lands is 118 l. 7 s. 4 d.
Sterling, which was formerly valued at 20 years purchase, or
2367 l. 6 s. 8 d. Sterling; but the upset-price is now reduced
to 19 years purchase, or 2248 l. 19 s. 4 d.

These lands hold feu of subjects superior; they are agree-
ably situated upon the water of Milk, within five miles of
Lockerby and Ecclefechan, and four from the lime-quarries
of Blacketrigg. They are very extensive, consisting of arable
meadow, and pasture ground, in a proper proportion.
—The first is of a fine sharp soil.—The last fit both for
sheep and black cattle. The whole being almost in a state
of nature, are capable of great improvement, which may be
carried on at a moderate expense. There are large peat mosses
in different parts of the estate, which are very valuable, fuel
being scarce in that part of the country. A mansion-
house, garden, and offices, are also on the premises, with a
considerable quantity of young wood, natural and planted.

If more agreeable to offerers, the above lands will be ex-
posed in the two following lots:

LOT I. To consist of the Lands of Lairdholme and Lin-
hall, presently possessed by Mrs Johnston, the proven free
rent of which is 83 l. 12 s. 8 d. Sterling.—Upset-price, at
19 years purchase 1589 l. 8 d.

On this lot is the mansion-house, garden, and offices.
LOT II. To consist of the Farm of Ravenshill, possessed
by Thomas Johnston, at 34 l. 14 s. 8 d. of nett rent, after
all deductions.—Upset-price of this lot at 19 years purchase,
is above 659 l. 15 s. 8 d.

The articles of roup and title-deeds will be seen at the of-
fice of Mr Kilpatrick, depute-clerk of Session; and further
information may be got by applying to James Thomson writer
to the signet, Hanover-Street, or to Mr Peter Bell at
Carterton, near Moffat, the factor on the estate.

The following letter appeared in the London Gazette
of Tuesday the 31st of October last.

Chipping Norton, Oct. 9. 1786.

"Esteemed Friend,
THY Cordial is here in estimation, and has done great
good, but one particular case I am induced to relate;
not that I have the gentleman's authority, neither do I
suppose he would have his name appear; he has however
spoke of it in company, which has greatly enhanced its
sale.

"The gentleman alluded to was confined to his bed in
the most excruciating pain, with the gout in his head, stom-
ach, and limbs, attended by his apothecary, who per-
ceiving the case dangerous, thought proper to call to his
assistance an eminent physician, who pronounced the pa-
tient could not live twenty-four hours; of which being
made acquainted, he desired his wife, as a *ultima hope*, to
send to my house for a bottle of Oriental Vegetable Cor-
dial; and though these gentlemen said it could do him no
good, he found essential relief by the first dose, and by
repeating it every third hour, for half a dozen doses, was
enabled to walk about his room, and the next day to make
his appearance about town. At every attack of this dis-
ease since, he has had recourse to the same remedy, with
the same success.

"I can also add, that I have known pregnant women
receive instantaneous relief in fits of the cholice, by the use
of this cordial.

"I am, with respect, thy friend,
"R. D. WAGSTAFFE."

To Mr B. CORNWELL, London.

"The extraordinary influence that the **ORIENTAL
VEGETABLE CORDIAL** imparts to the stomach, from its
tonic and invigorating qualities, is strongly exem-
plified by the immediate effects produced in taking it when
the stomach is overloaded with food, nauseated with surfeit,
or debilitated by intemperance.
To constitutionally weak stomachs it affords a pleasing
sensation; it accelerates the process of digestion, corrects
crudities, and removes the cholice and flatulencies; it dis-
solves a genial warmth that cherishes the animal spirits,
and takes away the listlessness and languor that so greatly
embitters the hours of nervous people; and the unerring
test of experience has confirmed its utility.

Sold by Mr B. Cornwell, Conduit-Street, Hanover
Square, in bottles at 5 s. each, duty included, and by Mess
HUSBAND, ELDER, and **CO.** Edinburgh.

A Country-House in Mid-Lothian to Let

FURNISHED.
Fit to accommodate a genteel family, and may be entered to
at Whitunday next.

THE HOUSE of RAVELRIG, in the parish of Currie,
seven measured miles west of Edinburgh, on the turn-
pike road to Carnwath and Lanark; together with the Office-
houses, Pigeon-house, and Garden, all in good condition; and
from about twenty to fifty-six English acres of land, subdivi-
ded into inclosures sufficiently fenced. The ground is all in
grass, and in excellent order. The House is well furnished,
and stands in a field of eighteen acres of fine old grass, on
the banks of the *Water of Leith*; is well sheltered with trees;
has a very commanding prospect; and is in the neighbour-
hood of a fine sporting country.

The gardener at Ravelrig will show the House, &c. upon
Tuesdays and Fridays, between eleven and two o'clock; and
for particulars, apply to the proprietor at his house in the So-
ciety, Edinburgh.

FORMER UPSET PRICE REDUCED.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Ex-
change Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 7th
March 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon.

THE Dwelling-house, Park, Garden,
and Offices on St John's Hill, south back of the
Canongate, entering by St John's Street, which belonged to
the late Dr Lothian, presently possessed by David Urquhart,
Esq. of Bracklawgwell.

The House is pleasantly situated, and consists of dining-
room, drawing-room, seven bed rooms, with garrets, closets,
and presses; besides a kitchen and cellars in the two pavilions
adjoining to the house, one of which might be easily con-
verted into a coach-house and stables. There is also half an
acre of ground laid out in a garden, park, and shrubbery a-
bout the house. The feu duty for the whole premises is
only two shillings annually.

To be seen on Tuesdays and Fridays, from twelve to two
o'clock.

For further particulars enquire at Robert Brown, writer to
the signet, Wardrobo's Court.

N. B. If the premises are not then sold, they will be let
from Whitunday next.

Oak Woods in Breadalbane.

THERE is to be SOLD by public roup, in the course of a
few weeks, the day to be mentioned in a future adver-
tisement, and within the house of William Colby inn-keep-
er in Killin.

The **NATURAL OAK WOODS of BREADALBANE**,
lying on both sides of Loch Tay, in whole, or in separate
lots as offerers shall incline.

The wood is of proper age, and there are a considerable
number of reserves fit for ship-timber. There are excellent
roads from the woods both to Perth and Stirling, which are
distant about thirty computed miles.

The ground-officers will show the woods; and the articles
of roup may be seen in the hands of Mr Stewart factor for
Lord Breadalbane, at Achmore by Crieff, and Mr John
Campbell writer to the signet; to either of whom application
may be made as to any particulars.

LANDS, HOUSE, GARDEN, &c. in STIRLINGSHIRE.
To be SOLD by Private Bargain.

**THE Lands of Wester Livlands, Mea-
dowlands, CHAPLECROFT, and BIZET-
LAND**, lying in the parish of St Ninian's, and shire of
Stirling.

The lands consist of about seventy Scots acres, partly
carle, and partly dryfield, all inclosed and subdivided, and
of very fine soil. Livlands holds of the Crown, and is va-
lued in the cess-books at above 200 l. Scots. The other
lands, which are of no great extent, hold of subjects supe-
rior, for payment of small feu-duties. The lands are at
present all out of tack.

There is a very good mansion house on the premises,
consisting of nine rooms and a kitchen, in good repair, with
good offices and out houses, and a very good kitchen gar-
den and orchard; there are also a considerable number of
old trees and young plantings on the lands.

The situation of the house is perhaps one of the pleasant-
est and most beautiful in any country, commanding a view
of the windings of the River Forth, from Stirling down-
wards for many miles, and of the rich and fertile country
on both sides of the River. It is within a quarter of a mile
of the village of St Ninian's, and little more than half a
mile from the town of Stirling, where there is an excellent
market; and the communication with Edinburgh is ren-
dered very commodious, as there are stage coaches six days
in the week, which arrive at Stirling and Edinburgh by
three o'clock each day.

For further particulars apply to Alexander Abercromby,
writer to the signet, or John M'Gibbon, town clerk of
Stirling.

Andrew Downie at Livlands will show the premises.

Sale of Lands in Dumfriesshire.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Exchange
Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 2d March
1786, between the hours of five and six afternoon.

The Lands and Estate of **KIRKMICHAEL** and **GLE-
NAE**, lying within the parish of Kirkmichael, and the
whole of these parts of the Lands of **DALRUSCAN**,
and upon the Kirkmichael side of the water of Ae, lying
within the parish of Tinnwald, all in the shire of Dumfries.
The free rent of which amounts to about 865 l. Sterling;
besides which, the tenants of the greatest part of the estate
are bound to pay the land-tax, and other public burdens.

These lands consist of two thousand three hundred and
thirty-six Scots acres, or 2968 English acres, of which about
1146 acres are arable, and the remainder excellent pasture,
greatest part of which might be made arable also.—They lie
within seven measured miles of Dumfries, the great road
lately made from Edinburgh to Dumfries by Moffat runs
through the heart of them.—They are very compact, in the
midst of a pleasant country, well situated for lime, either
from Dumfries, or from the lineworks at Cleburn.—The
crops which they produce, both of wheat and oats, are re-
markable in quality; and Dumfries and Annan, in the neigh-
bourhood, are inexhaustible markets for grain, both for home
consumption and exportation.

There is a good mansion-house, pleasantly situated on the
banks of the water of Ae, with excellent office-houses of all
kinds.—There is also a good garden, with a large orchard
well stocked.—The policy and inclosures are extensive and
beautiful, and there is a great deal of wood both old and
young upon the lands, which has been valued by persons of
skill, at above 9000 l. Sterling.

The lands of Kirkmichael and Glenae hold of the Crown,
and afford a freehold qualification in the county of Dumfries.
—These parts of the lands which lie in the parish of Tin-
wald, which are of small extent, and are thrown in with the
other lands, in order to make the boundaries of the whole
compact, are to be held of a subject superior, for payment of a
feu-duty of 1 l. Scots, doubled at the entry of heirs and sin-
gular successors.—The title-deeds are perfectly clear.—The
whole tenements are valued.—The proprietor has right to the
tenants of Kirkmichael, and the tenants of those parts of the
lands that lie in the parish of Tinnwald, are exalted by
the stipend payable to the minister.

The title-deeds, articles of roup, rental, and current leas-
es, with a plan and measurement of the lands, are to be
seen in the hands of John Tait junior, writer to the signet,
Edinburgh; and copies of the articles of roup are also lod-
ged with James Graham, writer in Dumfries, factor upon
the estate; and to them, or to the proprietor at Kirkmi-
chael house, or to Mr John Hay, accountant in Edinburgh,
persons desirous of further information may apply.

Mr Hay has power to sell by private bargain.

Lands in Perthshire to be Sold

TO be SOLD by private bargain, the Town and
of **SOLLARY**, comprehending Mains of Sollary,
the Lands called Tomphill, the Lands of Craigmillar,
pastures, and pertinents, lying upon the Blackwater,
the parish of Kirkmichael, and county of Perth.
Lands are situated in a fine sporting country, and contain
old mansion-house, that, with some repair, might make
good shooting residence. The whole are at present under
lease, rented at about 60 l. but a considerable rise may be
offered; and, being very improvable, the lands may be
upon a lease to great advantage. The proprietor is desirous
for proposing to part with this small estate, is in the
from his other lands. Proposals may be transmitted
George Farquhar writer in Edinburgh, who has power to
conclude a bargain, and who will inform as to further par-
ticulars.

To be SOLD by Private Bargain.

THE Lands of WESTER SHEAR

DALE, comprehending one fourth part of the
Lands of SHEARDALE, lying within the Lordship of Dal-
fermeine, parish of Dollar, and shire of Clackmannan, and
lands hold of the Duke of Argyll, for payment of 1 l. 9
d. of feu-duty, and consist of about 120 acres, mostly in
able and inclosed, whereof about 36 acres are rich low-
lying lands, along the south banks of the water of Dornoch.
The premises are situated between three and four miles
Alloa, the market town, where lime may be got at a very
rate. There is plenty of coal in the neighbourhood; the
country is rich and populous: the Dornoch affords excellent
sport for angling, and there is plenty of game in the ground.
The greatest part of the price may remain in the purchase
hands, if required.

For further particulars, enquire at John Jamieson, Sheriff-
clerk of Clackmannan at Alloa, or James Forman, writer to
the signet, who will show the title-deeds, and both, or either
of them, are empowered to conclude a bargain.

John Carmichael, tenant in Easter Sheardale, will show
the lands.

Sale of Lands in Argyllshire.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old
Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday
the 7th March 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six
afternoon.

The Lands of **KNOCK and GUALACHESLISH**, the
Lands of **ACHINACHA**, **ACHYBEG**, and **ARNES**, all
lying within the parish of Kilmakilly, in Morven, and
county of Argyll.

The present free rent payable to the proprietor is only
about 60 l. Sterling, though part of the lands are valued at
a much higher rent, they having been let by the former
proprietor at an undervalue, out of favour to the tenants,
upon long leases, which expire at Whitunday 1793, and
Whitunday 1794, when there is little doubt but the rents
will triple; offers to near that amount having been already
made for them.

The lands afford abundance of game, and are contiguous
for fishing of all kinds, being pleasantly situated upon the
north side of Lochaline, an excellent harbour. There are
some planting, a good flood of oak, and other natural
woods, as also lime-stone and free-stone quarries on the
lands. The shores yield wreck for kelp, black and white
wreck for manure; and the lands being in a state of nature
are capable of much improvement. There is a good feed-
ing of houses on the farm of Achinacha, and the lands are
thirled to no mill, though situated very nigh, and conveni-
ent to a good mill.

For further particulars, application may be made to Al-
lan Macdonald writer to the signet, Edinburgh, or John
Macneil writer in Inveraray.

Lands in Caithness.

TO be SOLD by public roup, within the Old Ex-
change Coffeehouse, (A. Ramsay's) Edinburgh, upon
Friday the 16th March 1787, betwixt the hours of five
and six afternoon.

All and Whole the Lands of Thurflet, Greyhall and
Quoylie, Blenguy, Stirock, Hawquoy, Graylones
and Achairn, Wedderclett, and Upper and Nether Hauders,
all lying contiguous, and within the parish of Wick.

The whole of these lands lie from two to three English
miles of the royal burgh of Wick; and from the mosses
on this estate, which are very extensive, the inhabitants
of this burgh are almost totally supplied with peats for
firing. The lands are besides, of very considerable extent,
and capable of great improvement, and there is the ap-
pearance of very good limestone thereon. The rent con-
sists totally of money and virtual, the customs and cal-
culatives being converted at a very moderate rate, and the ser-
vices abolished. At the same time, if a purchaser in-
cluded, the tenants would readily agree to pay the customs,
&c. in kind. The valued rent of these lands afford with-
in a trifle of two freehold qualifications, for the election
of a member of Parliament for said county; but if the
purchaser inclines he may have the lands with or without
the superiority. There is an old mansion-house upon the
estate, which at a trifling expense might be repaired, so
as to accommodate a family; and there is a very good
store-house for victual lately repaired.

The purchaser may retain a considerable part of the
price in his hands, upon finding good heritable secu-
rity.

The rental of these lands may be had by applying to
the proprietor at Edinburgh; and copies thereof, with
the articles of roup, title deeds, and progress of writs,
which are complete, may be seen in the hands of Wil-
liam Sinclair, writer to the signet; to either of whom per-
sons inclining to purchase by private bargain before the
day of sale may apply.

JUDICIAL SALE.

By Adjournment, and Upset Price Reduced.

TO be SOLD, within the Parliament or New Session
House of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 28th day of
February 1787, betwixt the hours of four and six o'clock af-
ternoon.

The LANDS and others after mentioned, which belonged
to Thomas Buby of Ardwell, viz.

That Garden and Meadow lying within the territory of the
burgh of Dumfries, presently possessed by George and Wil-
liam Manderfon, with the Houses built upon the same, ex-
cepting the houses and offices presently possessed by Dr. Bab-
ington and Miss Lawrie, formerly sold.

The proven rent of these subjects is **L. 60 28 6**.

And the proven value, at twenty-
two years purchase of the gar-
dens, and twelve years purchase
of the houses, the whole being
held free of the town of Dumfries for
at least feu-duty, is **L. 1280 : 7 : 3**
at which they were formerly ex-
posed, but the upset price is now re-
duced to **L. 1000**.

The garden and meadow above mentioned are set in tack
to the said George and William Manderfon, for twenty-one
years after Whitunday 1779, at the yearly rent of **L. 55**
Sterling, the tenants paying all public burdens, exclusive
of a house upon the premises, set at **L. 6** yearly, so that any
purchaser at the upset price, will have above 6 per cent. for
his money.

The title-deeds and articles of roup may be seen at the of-
fice of Mr Stevenson, depute-clerk of Session; and further
information may be procured from Alexander Young, writer
to the signet, agent in the sale.